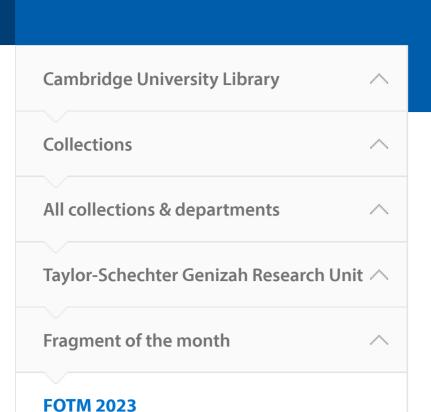
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- > Fragment of the Month: December 2023
- > Fragment of the Month: October 2023
- > Fragment of the Month: September
- > Fragment of the Month: August 2023
- > Fragment of the Month: July 2023
- > Fragment of the Month: June 2023
- > Fragment of the Month: May 2023 > Fragment of the Month: April 2023
- > Fragment of the Month: March 2023
- > Fragment of the Month: February 2023
- > Fragment of the Month: January 2023

FOTM 2024

2023

FOTM 2022

FOTM 2021

FOTM 2020

FOTM 2019

FOTM 2018

FOTM 2017

Fragment of the Month: December 2016

Fragment of the Month: November 2016

Fragment of the Month: September

Fragment of the Month: October 2016

2016

Fragment of the Month: August 2016

Fragment of the Month: June 2016

Fragment of the Month: May 2016

Fragment of the Month: April 2016

Fragment of the Month: January 2016

2015

Fragment of the Month: September

Fragment of the Month: August 2015

Fragment of the Month: April 2015

Fragment of the Month: June 2015

Fragment of the Month: March 2015

Fragment of the Month: February 2015

Fragment of the Month: January 2015 Fragment of the Month: December 2014

Fragment of the Month: November 2014

Fragment of the Month: October 2014

Fragment of the Month: September

Fragment of the Month: May 2014

Addendum to November 2011's

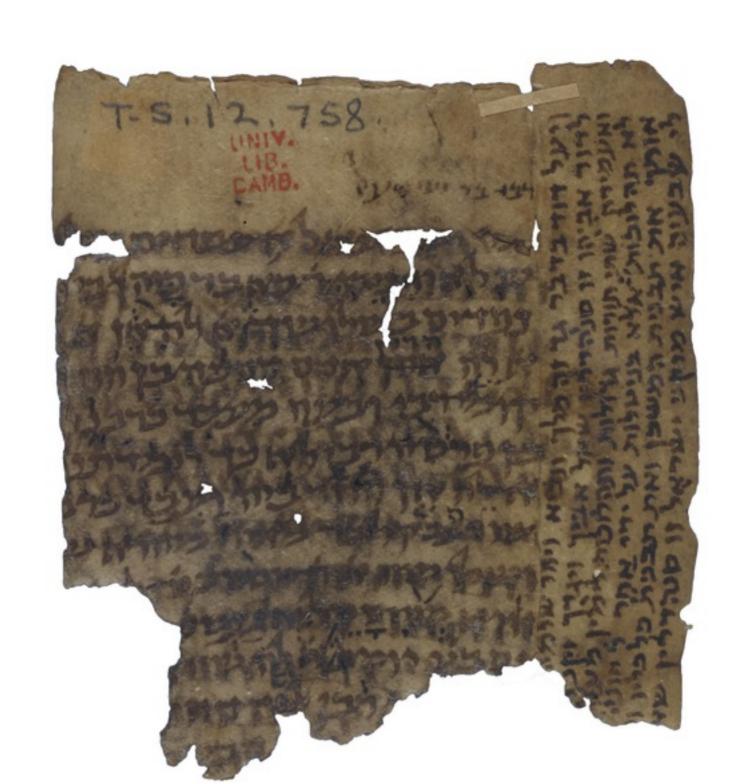
Fragment of the Month

FRAGMENT OF THE MONTH ARCHIVE

Fragment of the Month: March 2023

The Book of Joshua in a Christian Palestinian Aramaic Palimpsest Fragment (T-S 12.758)

Christa Müller-Kessler



T-S 12.758 verso

For over 120 years, the verses of chapter 7:2c-4a; 9b-11a of the book of Joshua in the translation of Christian Palestinian Aramaic, a Western Aramaic dialect, remained unrecognized under the Palestinian Talmud tractate Sanhedrin 19a (40)-19b (37). It is a rather small parchment fragment (ca. 8 x 7 cm) with another even smaller fragment merged onto it on the right-hand side. This biblical text is a welcome addition to the transmission of the Bible in Christian Palestinian Aramaic, of which only scanty text remnants have survived. The only other witness of the book of Joshua is found on parchment, but not as a palimpsest: it comes from the Kastellion at Khirbet Mird (ca. 8th/9th century CE), a site nine kilometres northeast of Jerusalem, and is housed today in the Rockefeller Museum, Jerusalem.

Agnes Smith Lewis, who had edited a number of eleventh-century lectionaries (Gospel B, C; Lewis lectionary) in this dialect before, was entrusted by Solomon Schechter to publish the text in a monograph together with her sister Margaret Dunlop Gibson (Palestinian Syriac Texts from Palimpsest Fragments in the Taylor-Schechter Collection, London, 1900). She, however, could not make out enough text and declared on p. 80 for this fragment XVII: 'legi non potest'. This is not surprising as the neat script below – written in an early uncial type of Christian Palestinian Aramaic, in a modified Syriac Estrangela – is covered by small Hebrew letters that hide most of the underneath script. On account of the non-identification, the entries in several manuscript descriptions and attributions (e.g. Michael Sokoloff and Yoseph Yahalom, Christian Palimpsests from the Cairo Geniza, Revue d'Histoire des Textes 8, 1987, 120) and catalogues of this dialect (e.g. Moshe Bar-Asher, Palestinian Syriac Studies. Source-Texts, Traditions and Grammatical Problems, Diss. Jerusalem, 1977 [Hebrew]) have a lacuna for this very text fragment.

With the help of an ultraviolet lamp and a dark room provided at the Cambridge University Library, this biblical text could be extracted from this fragmentary parchment folio. Reading and deciphering palimpsests is a challenge in itself and depends, for every individual case, often on the facilities provided but also, in addition to many other things, on a profound knowledge of the language the text is written in and a vague notion of what type of text might be hidden beneath.

This text fragment with the biblical passages of Joshua is a welcome addition to text-critical studies on the Septuagint. It should be pointed out that Christian Palestinian Aramaic translations are faithful witnesses to the Greek prototypes from which all texts were translated and can offer unattested textual variants of non-surviving Greek texts.

Footnotes

- 1 https://www.degruyter.com/document/doi/10.31826/9781463208493/html
- 2 https://www.persee.fr/doc/rht 0373-6075 1979 num 8 1978 1173

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