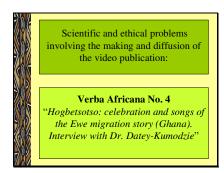
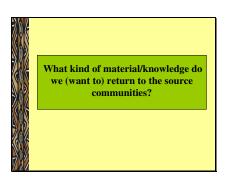
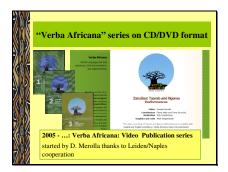


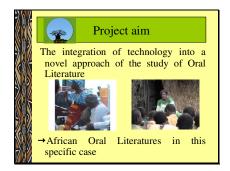
### Slide 2



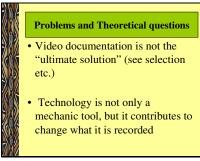




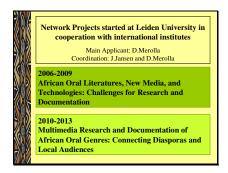
# Slide 5







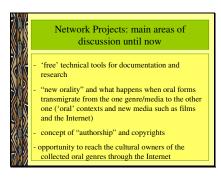
### Slide 8

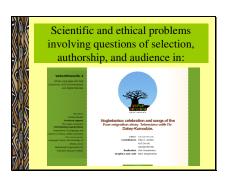






## Slide 11







# Slide 14



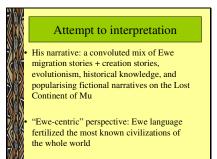
# Slide 15

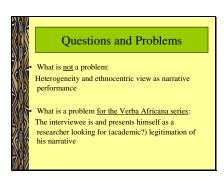
### Reflections on the Interview

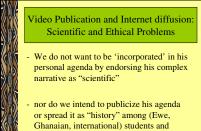
- Introduction: secret knowledge
- "tapping and stealing"
- the UNESCO is afraid of (t)his knowledge



### Slide 17



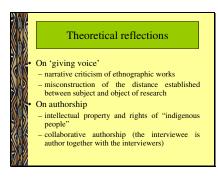


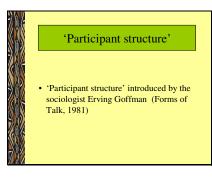


among Ewe people

### Slide 20

# Ethical problems Respect for our interviewee's discourse vs caution in publicizing his personal narrative "as such" (see effect of certain legitimacy) Unbalanced power relationship between interviewers and interviewee





### Slide 23

# Triadic participant structure a Principal (who is the source of information or text) an addressee or recipient an 'animator' (or intermediary) who "words" the information: e.g in the analysis of the role of the West African 'griot' (the bard who speaks for his chief)

# Slide 24

# Researchers as griots - a Principal (the interviewee) - the outside world - the addressee - Animators/editors: Daniela and Felix shape and retouch the interview in more palatable language and communicate it through the medium of Verba Africana



# Slide 26





