

	<b>samples</b>	<b>morphotypes</b>
<b>cluster A</b>	2804	ltsr
<b>cluster B</b>	the average composition of the samples is similar but they can be divided into two sub-clusters:	
	<u>sub-clusters</u>	
<b>B<sub>1</sub></b>	3493 2819	chi
<b>B<sub>2</sub></b>	3478 1561	den
<b>cluster C</b>	3459 3459/1	tri
<b>cluster D</b>	2430 3414	cc
<b>cluster E</b>	2451 2434	fsr
<u>outlier</u>	2426	fsr & irr-s

Table F2:3 – Results of the correspondence analysis of Kilise Tepe samples with the identified clusters and the characterizing phytolith types. (Abbreviations = ltsr: long cells, smooth or wavy; chi: short cells; den: long cells, dendritic; tri: trichomes; cc: cork cells; fsr: long cells, spiny; irr-s: irregular spiny)