

Figure 1 – Porto municipality's Resident Population 1864-2011

Source: INE, Censos à População.

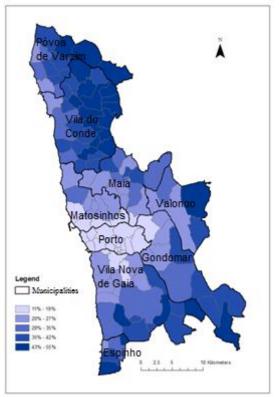
Table 1 - Basic demographic data of GP

NUTS and municipalities	Resident	Population Density (inhab.	Population (	Growth (%)	Aging Index, 2012	Migratory balance, 2012	
_	population, 2012	per km2), 2012	1991-2001	2001-2012			
Portugal	10487289	113,7	4,5	0,9	131,1	-37352	
North Region	3666234	172,2	5,3	-0,8	118,9	-16584	
Great Porto (GP)	1278941	1570,1	6,9 1,1		117,8	-6944	
Espinho	30929	1468,8	-4,1	-8,0	167,8	-386	
Gondomar	168016	1274,2	12,9	1,9	105,4	-437	
Maia	136017	1638,9	26,8	11,8	86,1	-308	
Matosinhos	175321	2808,7	9,0 4,3		119,8	-516	
Porto	227535	5493,3	-13,3	-12,9	204,8	-4579	
Póvoa de Varzim	63282	769,8	13,9	-0,5	91,7	-276	
Valongo	94884	1263	14,6	9,3	86,5	74	
Vila do Conde	79808	535,5	13,3	6,5	96,5	-129	
Vila Nova de Gaia	303149	1799,5	14,6	4,3	104,1	-387	

Source: INE, 2012.

employed in the Secondary Sector in 2011

Figure 2 – Residential patterns of people Figure 3 – Residential patterns of people of 65 years and above



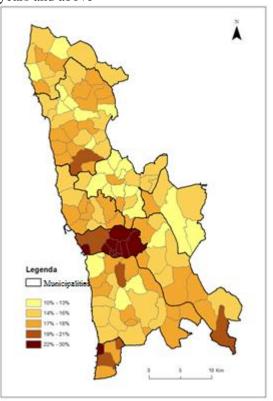


Table 2 - Purchasing Power and Social Protection, 2012

	Purchasing Power	Pensione	rs	Recipients unemployment		Recipients of minimum income		
	per capita, 2011	absolute values	%	absolute values	%	absolute values	%	
Portugal	100	2896497	27,6	638317	6,1	421201	4,0	
North Region	89,22	967597	26,4	240918	6,6	168824	4,6	
GP	111,28	339145	26,5	92854	7,3	89568	7,0	
Espinho	99,65	10566	34,2	2079	6,7	1672	5,4	
Gondomar	80,35	42013	25,0	12876	7,7	11917	7,1	
Maia	112,25	29471	21,7	10088	7,4	6221	4,6	
Matosinhos	124,35	45832	26,1	12476	7,1	10953	6,2	
Porto	161,65	80499	35,4	13871	6,1	22805	10,0	
Póvoa de Varzim	92,71	14252	22,5	4179	6,6	2458	3,9	
Valongo	86,45	21381	22,5	7630	8,0	7105	7,5	
Vila do Conde	93,89	19968	25,0	6027	7,6	2415	3,0	
Vila Nova de Gaia	99,13	75163	24,8	23628	7,8	24022	7,9	

Source: INE, Estudo Sobre o Poder de Compra Concelhio 2011; Instituto Nacional de Estatística (INE), Ministério da Solidariedade e da Segurança Social - Instituto de Informática, I.P.

Figure 4 – Residential patterns of people with university degrees, 2011

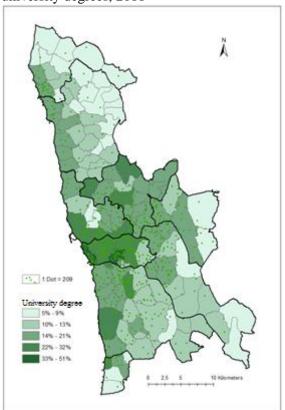


Figure 5 – Location of the three areas within Porto

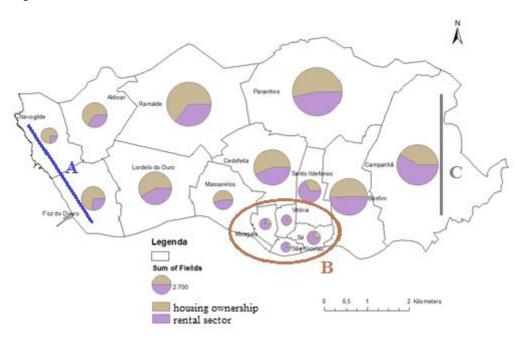


Figure 6 – Distribution of conventional dwellings of residence by owner-occupiers and tenants in Portugal, in 1981, 2001, and 2011.

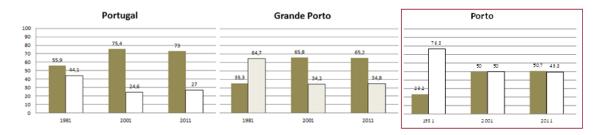


Figure 7 – The distribution of the rents values (in euros) of the three study areas in 2011

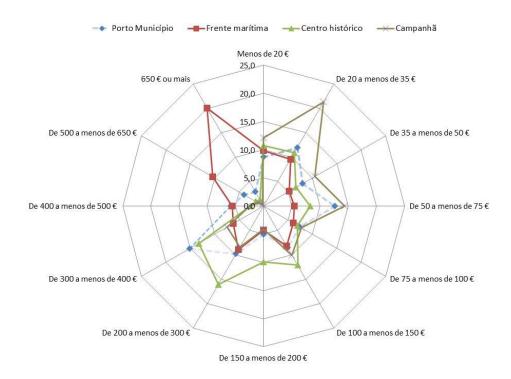


Figure 8 – the relationship between the population rate of change and the percentage of vacant housing

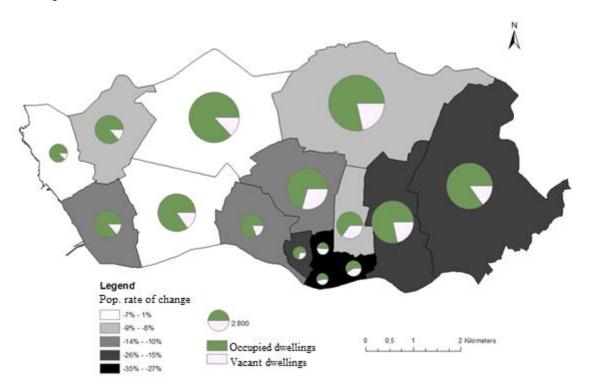


Figure 9 – The distribution of housing by construction date

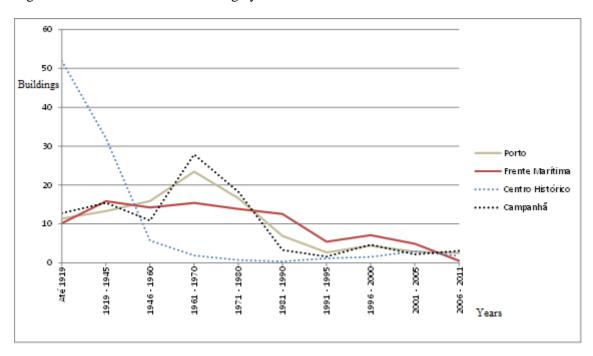


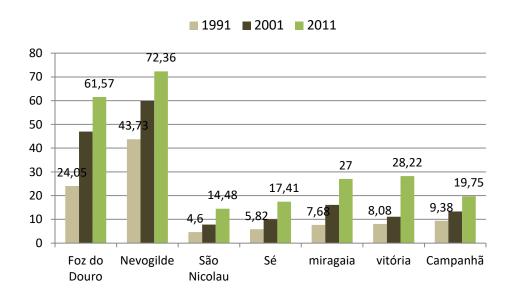
Table 3 - Educational level attained

	População total 2011	% nenhum nivel escolaridade	% pop. com ensino superior	Taxa de analfabetismo
Porto	237591	5,45	27,2	2,84
Nevogilde	5018	3,31	50,9	0,55
Foz do Douro	10997	3,82	41,6	1,49
Miragaia	2067	5,66	17,1	4,24
Vitória	1901	7,52	11,8	4,54
São Nicolau	1906	7,92	7,0	5,74
Sé	3460	8,44	9,0	5,55
Campanhã	32659	7,17	11,7	4,61

Table 4 – Resident population by socio-economic groups

Socioeconomic groups		Nevogilde		Foz do Douro		Miragaia		Vitória		S. Nicolau		Sé		Campanhã	
		%	abs.v.	%	abs.v.	%	abs.v.	%	abs.v.	%	abs.v.	%	abs.v.	%	
Employers with intellectual, scientific and technical professions	127	5,5	196	3,9	11	1,2	10	1,3	7	0,9	6	0,4	122	0,9	
Employers of industry and trade services	150	6,4	239	4,8	8	0,9	10	1,3	12	1,5	12	0,9	172	1,3	
Employers of the primary sector	0	0,0	0	0,0	0	0,0	0	0,0	0	0,0	0	0,0	3	0,0	
Small employers with intellectual and scientific professions	139	6,0	235	4,7	10	1,1	22	2,8	9	1,1	9	0,6	93	0,7	
Small employers with intermediate technical professions	35	1,5	72	1,4	3	0,3	2	0,3	3	0,4	6	0,4	71	0,5	
Small employers of industry	83	3,6	122	2,5	6	0,6	7	0,9	10	1,2	13	0,9	171	1,3	
Small employers of trade and services	55	2,4	125	2,5	18	1,9	33	4,2	32	3,9	42	3,0	318	2,3	
Small employers of orimary sector	1	0,0	8	0,2	0	0,0	0	0,0	1	0,1	0	0,0	4	0,0	
Self-employed professional in Intellectual and scientific fields	87	3,7	110	2,2	18	1,9	11	1,4	2	0,2	12	0,9	100	0,7	
Self-employed technical and intermediate professionals	41	1,8	60	1,2	5	0,5	2	0,3	4	0,5	7	0,5	66	0,5	
Independent industrial and craft workers	3	0,1	20	0,4	6	0,6	2	0,3	8	1,0	17	1,2	144	1,1	
Service providers and independent traders	54	2,3	96	1,9	19	2,0	22	2,8	20	2,4	50	3,6	419	3,1	
Self-employed in the primary sector	0	0,0	4	0,1	0	0,0	0	0,0	1	0,1	0	0,0	6	0,0	
Directors and Managers of public enterprises	231	(9,9)	387	(7,8)	19	2,0	8	1,0	9	1,1	15	1,1	220	1,6	
Managers of small businesses and organizations	46	2,0	101	2,0	5	0,5	5	0,6	4	0,5	7	0,5	67	0,5	
Intellectual and scientific staff	714	30,6	1394	(28,0)	141	15,0	87	11,2	48	5,8	103	7,4	1299	9,5	
Intermediate technical staff	171	7,3	441	8,9	55	5,9	32	4,1	43	5,2	50	3,6	883	6,5	
Intermediate administrative staff	46	2,0	98	2,0	15	1,6	7	0,9	7	0,9	11	0,8	134	1,0	
Clerks trade and services	200	8,6	705	14,2	266	(28,4)	270	(34,7)	269	32,8	467	(33,4)	4268	(31,4	
Skilled and semi-skilled manual workers	28	1,2	181	3,6	113	12,1	83	10,7	95	11,6	166	11,9	2136	15,7	
Employees in the primary sector	1	0,0	7	0,1	4	0,4	2	0,3	1	0,1	5	0,4	35	0,3	
Administrative trade workers and unskilled services	63	2,7	250	5,0	150	16,0	102	13,1	164	20,0	238	(17,0)	1856	13,6	
Unskilled workers in industry	7	0,3	21	0,4	26	2,8	24	3,1	22	2,7	83	5,9	344	2,5	
Unskilled workers in the primary sector	0	0,0	1	0,0	1	0,1	0	0,0	0	0,0	2	0,1	6	0,0	
Members of Armed Forces	4	0,2	7	0,1	0	0,0	1	0,1	3	0,4	2	0,1	51	0,4	
Other occupations	44	1,9	97	1,9	38	4,1	36	4,6	47	5,7	76	5,4	623	4,6	
Economically active population (total)	2330	100	4977	100	937	100	778	100	821	100	1399	100	13611	100	

Figure 10 - Distribution of socio-economic groups located at the top of the professional pyramid\*



\*Employed population (CPP\*=1 or CPP=2))/ Total Employed Population]\*100

(CPP Portuguese Classification of Occupations; 1= Directors and Managers of public enterprises; and 2= Intellectual and scientific Staff)

Source: INE, 2001; 2011.