Let us take a journey eastward, and ever eastward till we come to that marvellous land of mountain, river, and take, that allglorious British Country of Canada. We will start our journey at Vanconver, on the east west side of this vast country. Vancouver is situated in an ideal position on the south shore of the Burrard Inlet, which extends for over twenty-one miles inland among the foothills of the boast Range. The city is noted for the extent of its harbours, which are over eleven miles long. Within the city and vicinity there are many outstanding points of in terest, including Stanley Park within whose area of over a thou sand acres are multitudes of cedars and firs, some of which attain the height of two hundred feet. While we are at Vancouver, let us take a launch trip to Victoria, the capital of British bolumbia. Thanks to its situation and environment, Victoria is one of the most beautiful cities on the bontinent, and because of the extent to which cloudless days prevail, it has been aptly termed the "Sunshine bity." Interesting places in the city are numerous and varied. The Marine Drive embraces many beautiful landscapes

and altogether running over fifty miles. About seven miles from the city is the Dominion Observatory one of the most important of its kind, in the world Let us leave Victoria now, and take the launch back to Vancouver As we draw near the station, we hear the shrick of the b. P. R. train as its draws in to the station Stepping on board we sink into luxuriously appointed carriage arm chairs. The b. P. R. operate twentytwo thousand miles of railways that stretch right across from East to West. We pass through three main Ranges, the boast Range, the bascade Ra, and the Rock is proper. In all these ranges the scenery is indescribably beautiful. After passing through the Kicking Horse pass we come to the world-famed, prairies of Canada, which produce not only the most wheat, but the most bison. Half way across the prairies, fifteen hundred miles from our startingplace, we come to Winnipeg. Winnipeg is beautifully situated on side of a large lake. Its name comes from the bree Indian word "Win "muddy, and "Vippee," - water, as applied to Lake Winnipey, long before the Manitoban Metropolis had come into existence. The Provincial Legislative Building is constructed

of native dressed stone, at the cost of about two million pounds sterling. Winnipeg has many beautiful public parks, one of which the Assiniboine has an area of two hundred and eighty two acres. The Winnipeg Water Aqueduct is one of the greatest undertakings of its kind in the world. The water is carried from Shoul Lake, near the Lake of the Woods a distance of a hundred miles. The capacity of the conduit is a hundred million gallons every twenty-four hours. Let us again proceed nour long journey, bound for Toronto. We wake up in the morning to see the plistening waters of the great lakes, reflecting their beauty through the carriage windows. After miles of loavelling to along the coast of Lake Superior, we see in the remote distance, trough green pastures of rich agri. cultural country, we can white stone city of Toronto Toronto is most pleasantly situated on sloping ground from the harbour front to a range of mountains crescent shaped in the distance. The city, within which are many parks of exquisite scenic value, is noteable for the homes with spacious, well-kept gardens. As a tourist centre, Toronto ranks among the most important in the Domin-

ion. All tourists from the Pacific pass through Toronto on their way to the Viagara Falls, Pacific to Atlantic Where the blue hills of old Toronto shed Their evening shadows ver Ontario's bed. Let us continue our journey with these travellers to the Niagara alls, the most famous falls in the world. After passing near the Welland Capal for thirty miles, we first hear a roar. Is we approach, it grows, until we can hardly hear our-selves speak. The Viagara river, and the country in its immediate vicinity possess both in variety, and extent, att ractions that will keep the tourist Il entertained for many days. centre, of attraction is, of course he falls, that come over in a sheer escarpment averaging hundred and sixty five feet, in such volume as to possess the po tential energy sufficient to gen erate five million h. p. The two main falls are the horshoe, on the ban adoan, and the American falls. these two, the Horseshoe is for the greater. Another p command our attention is to Chippewa Battlefield, the scene of a hard-fought battle between the British and the French. Once again we continue our indless journey eastward, to Montrest, the largest city in the Dominion.

Montreal's attractions to the tour ist are many. The city is today a beautiful modern city, with a population, according to the official estimate of nine hungred thousand, and with suburbs, about one million. It the back of the city, as mile or two from the water-front, is Mt. Royal, from which the present city receives its name. The harbour of Montreal is one of the most important in the Dominion, and has the unique distinction of being the farthest inland port in the world, being saturated a thousand miles from the Atlantic Montreal is a city of churches, there being over three hundred, including two cathedrals. The most famous is the Notre Dame, whose lofty Twin two towers, over two hundred feet in height, are conspicuous from many parts of the city. Except for the Cathedral in Mexico bity is the largest in the North American bontinent, having a seating capacity fifteen thousand persons As in educational centre, Montreal ranks high on the continent. I gill Uni versity has a student enrolment of 5,00 five thousand, and the University of Montreal, eleven thousand Now we will start on the last stage of our journey. After a day of ever varying scenery,

along the shore of the St. Lawrence we come to that so far unequalled of engineering, the spanning of the St Lawrence by the Qubec Bridge In the annals of engineering triumphs the world," to quote one of known Pacific to Atlantia authority, the construction of the Pp 180 Dubec bridge, for immensity, unique ness of design, excellence of detail and boldness in organization, has ravely been equalled, and never ex celled. Passing on, we come to the grand old town of Quebec. It is generally conceded that Quebec surpasses all other cities in the continent in wealth, and variety of attraction it offers to tourists t has the unique distinction being the only walled town on the continent. The city itself history stirring, eventful, and romantic Magnificent views a to be obtained from several but the finest of all from betadel Looking down the river, a glorious view is obtained of the owrence, with with Isle of Orleans resting where river, takes a sharp turn to the south-east. To the north, rangely the Laurentians, standing out in Painte to At land colour effects, and sptt aptly de Pp 183. scribed as "a sea of rolling contours."

Pacific to Atlantic hill,
Pp. 182 Lies with a golded glory on her fair, so still, Of other days, and all her mighty dead. We have now finished our journey and our eyes are still reluctant to leave this land. All things must come to an end, and now we will turn our faces homeward with ever-changing scenes, still flashing Books Consulted: Peeps at Nany Lands - Canade Encyclopaedia Brittanica Everyman's Encyclopaedia Nelsons' Encyclopaedia Chambers Encyclopaedia New I tandard Encyclopedia Pacific to Atlantic Children's Treasure House The Book of Knowledge 1001 Wonderful Things Modern Children's Encyclopaedia The bhildren's Encyclopaedia Canada - Past & Present Waverley Cyclopaedia Daily Mail Encyclopaedia