

Chromosomal Instability Determines Taxane Response

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The following R code describes the microarray meta-analysis to derive a Taxane response gene signature and its relationship to chromosomal instability (CIN). The presented R code is only exemplary for one dataset. The listed meta-analysis methods start after the preprocessing step of the microarray data. The original meta-analysis includes six microarray datasets prepared on different microarray platforms. The meta-analysis is performed via a binomial test with probability correction.

1 Description of the algorithm for the binomial test with probability correction

Step1: Select S similar differential expression analyses.

Step2: Use genes of all datasets for the meta-analysis.

Step3:

Genes are sorted by the number of datasets in which they are present.

Step4:

Binomial test to filter for genes significantly up or down regulated on a significance level α .

Step5:

Calculate weighted mean across experiments. The weight is the inter-quartile range of the q values in each experiment. The weighted mean is calculated by

$$\bar{q}_{w,i} = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^n w_j q_{i,j}}{\sum_{j=1}^n w_j}$$

with

$$w_j = IQR_j.$$

The weighted q value is calculated for each gene i in dataset j . $q_{i,j}$ is the q value of gene i in dataset j . The weighted q value is calculated for each gene i . To filter the genes of the signature one chooses a threshold for the weighted q values.

2 Meta-analysis

The preprocessing step is performed via the bioconductor R-package *limma*. To obtain the significant genes of the preprocessing step the customized function *sigGenesFkt* is used. The input parameter *fit2Bani* is the output of the preprocessing of one microarray dataset. The customized function *setUpTableInfo* creates a table with all information of the microarray analysis. The information is stored in *infoBani*.

```
BanisigGenesMethods <- sigGenesFkt(fit2Bani,2,2,0.05)
infoBani <- list()
infoBani[[1]] <- setUpTableInfo(BanisigGenesMethods[[1]]$stopTableFC,MABani$platform)
infoBani[[2]] <- setUpTableInfo(BanisigGenesMethods[[2]]$stopTableFC,MABani$platform)
```

The obtained information of all datasets (for late, early timepoints and high, low concentrations) is stored in in the list *pvalueFCListLate*.

```
pvalueFCListLate <- list()
pvalueFCListLate[[1]] <- infoLi[[2]]      [,c(1,2,5,6,7,8,10,12,13,15)]
pvalueFCListLate[[2]] <- infoChenE[[1]]   [,c(1,2,4,5,6,7,9,11,12,14)] # PTX
pvalueFCListLate[[3]] <- infoChenE[[2]]   [,c(1,2,4,5,6,7,9,11,12,14)] # Epo
pvalueFCListLate[[4]] <- infoKim[[1]]      [,c(1,2,10,6,7,8,11,12,13,15)]
pvalueFCListLate[[5]] <- infoHVG[[2]]     [,c(1,2,15,9,12,13,16,17,18,20)]
pvalueFCListLate[[6]] <- infoHVG[[3]]     [,c(1,2,15,9,12,13,16,17,18,20)]
pvalueFCListLate[[7]] <- infoHVG[[5]]     [,c(1,2,15,9,12,13,16,17,18,20)]
pvalueFCListLate[[8]] <- infoHVG[[6]]     [,c(1,2,15,9,12,13,16,17,18,20)]
pvalueFCListLate[[9]] <- infoBani[[2]]    [,c(1,2,13,8,10,11,14,16,17,19)]#late
```

```
columnlabels
for(i in 1:(dim(summary(pvalueFCListLate))[1])){
  colnames(pvalueFCListLate[[i]]) <-
    c("rank","rankPercent","EntrezGeneID","GeneSymbol","HUGOSymbol")
  ,"HGNCID","logFC","t","P.Value","platform")
}
```

The names of the datasets correspond to the following cancer cell lines:

| | |
|-------|---|
| Li | Human prostate cancer cell line - PC3 |
| ChenE | Human lung carcinoma cell line - A549 |
| Kim | Human lung carcinoma cell line - H460 |
| HVG | Human breast carcinoma cell lines - MCF7 and MDA-MB-231 |
| Bani | Human ovarian carcinoma xenografts - 1A9 |

The customized function *averageProbIdentifierZScoreListFktA* calculates the average of multiple values for one gene linked by an identifier (e.g. Entrez Gene ID). The result is stored in *averagepvalueFCListLateA*.

```
averagepvalueFCListLateA <-
averageProbIdentifierZScoreListFktA(pvalueFCListLate,"EntrezGeneID")
```

```
# average Chen again, because separation of concentration and treatment
pValFCListChen <- list()
```

```

pValFCListChen[[1]] <- infoChenTC[[1]] [,c(1,2,4,5,6,7,9,11,12,14)] # PTX high
pValFCListChen[[2]] <- infoChenTC[[2]] [,c(1,2,4,5,6,7,9,11,12,14)] # PTX low
pValFCListChen[[3]] <- infoChenTC[[3]] [,c(1,2,4,5,6,7,9,11,12,14)] # Epo high

# columnlabels
for(i in 1:(dim(summary(pValFCListChen))[1])){
  colnames(pValFCListChen[[i]]) <-
    c("rank","rankPercent","EntrezGeneID","GeneSymbol","HUGOSymbol",
      "HGNCID","logFC","t","P.Value","platform")
}

# average multiple values again for Chen data
averageChenTCA <- averageProbIdentifierZScoreListFktA(pValFCListChen,"EntrezGeneID")

```

The list *averagePValGCListLateConcA* includes the combined data of all averaged datasets.

```

averagePValGCListLateConcA <- list()
averagePValGCaveragePValGCListLateConcAListLateConcA[[1]] <- averageChenTCA[[1]]
# Chen PTX high (18 and 45)
averagePValGCListLateConcA[[2]] <- averageChenTCA[[2]]
#Chen PTX low (4 to 8)
averagePValGCListLateConcA[[3]] <- averageChenTCA[[3]]
# Chen Epo high (40)
averagePValGCListLateConcA[[4]] <- averagepvalueFCListLateA[[4]]
# Kim 24h 5nM
averagePValGCListLateConcA[[5]] <- averagepvalueFCListLateA[[5]]
# HV MCF7 100nM 24 and 48h
averagePValGCListLateConcA[[6]] <- averagepvalueFCListLateA[[6]]
# HV MCF7 4 nM 24-48h
averagePValGCListLateConcA[[7]] <- averagepvalueFCListLateA[[8]]
# HV MDA 100nM 24 and 48h
averagePValGCListLateConcA[[8]] <- averagepvalueFCListLateA[[9]]
# Bani 24h

```

The vector *expNamePvalueFCListLateConcRank* includes the labels of all datasets:

```

expNamePvalueFCListLateConcRank <- c("ChenPTX16A45nM18h","ChenPTX4A8nM18h",
  "ChenEpo40nM18h","Kim5nM24h","MCF7100nM24A48h","MCF74nM24A48h",
  "MDA100nM24A48h","Bani60mg24h")

```

The vector *numbRepPvalueFCListLateConcRank* includes the inter-quartile range calculated by *IQR*.

```

IQR(as.numeric(averagePValGCListLateConcA[[5]][,"qValueMean"]),na.rm=TRUE)
# generate IQR vector}
numbRepPvalueFCListLateConcRank <- c(0.45,0.46,0.5,0.56,0.45,0.39,0.44,0.6)

```

metaAnaListLateConclogFC100EGIDRank is the result of the meta-analysis function. The signature of up- and down-regulated genes is stored in *sigGenes.logFC.100.EGID.ListLateConcRank.up* and *sigGenes.logFC.100.EGID.ListLateConcRank.down*. The significance level α of the binomial test which filters the significantly up or down regulated genes is set to 0.05.

```
metaAnaListLateConclogFC100EGIDRank <-
metaAnalysisFkt(averagePValGCListLateConcA,100,"logFC","EntrezGeneID",
expNamePvalueFCListLateConcRank,numbRepPvalueFCListLateConcRank,0)

metaAnaListLateConclogFC100EGIDRank$overlapFC[[1]]<-
  as.matrix(metaAnaListLateConclogFC100EGIDRank$overlapFC[[1]])

sigGenes.logFC.100.EGID.ListLateConcRank.down <-
  metaAnaListLateConclogFC100EGIDRank$overlapFC[[1]][metaAnaListLateConclogFC100EGIDRank$
  overlapFC[[1]][,"binomTestPValueDown"]<=0.05,]

sigGenes.logFC.100.EGID.ListLateConcRank.up <-
  metaAnaListLateConclogFC100EGIDRank$overlapFC[[1]][metaAnaListLateConclogFC100EGIDRank$
  overlapFC[[1]][,"binomTestPValueUp"]<=0.05,]
```

In *sigGenes.logFC.100.EGID.ListLateConcRank.down.QVal04Rank* and *sigGenes.logFC.100.EGID.ListLateConcRank.up.QVal04Rank* are the weighted mean q values for each gene obtained by the binomial test with probability correction. The threshold for the weighted q values is set to 0.4.

```
sigGenes.logFC.100.EGID.ListLateConcRank.down.QVal04Rank <-
  sigGenes.logFC.100.EGID.ListLateConcRank.down
  [sigGenes.logFC.100.EGID.ListLateConcRank.down[, "weightedMeanQVal"]<0.4,]

sigGenes.logFC.100.EGID.ListLateConcRank.up.QVal04Rank <-
  sigGenes.logFC.100.EGID.ListLateConcRank.up
  [sigGenes.logFC.100.EGID.ListLateConcRank.up[, "weightedMeanQVal"]<0.4,]
```

3 Customized functions used for the meta-analysis

3.1 setUpTableInfo

Input:

The input variable *tableOutput* is the output of the table function in the *limma* package. *platf* is the name of the used platform. The length of the *platf* vector must be the same as the number genes.

Output:

sigGenesFkt delivers a table with all information from analysis.

```
setUpTableInfo <- function(tableOutput,platf){
  n <- nrow(tableOutput)$
  $rankNu <- 1:nrow(tableOutput)$
  rankPercent <- c(1:n)*0

  for(k in 1:n){
    rankPercent[k] <- (rankNu[k]/n)*100
  }
}
```

```

    tableInfo <- cbind(rankNu,rankPercent,tableOutput,platf)
    colnames(tableInfo) <- c("rank","rankPercent",colnames(tableOutput),"platform")
print(c("function: setUpTableInfo() ok!"))
return(tableInfo )
}

```

3.2 sigGenesFkt

Input:

The input variable *fit2HVConc* is the output of the microarray analysis. *pVal* is the significance level α and *fc* is the value for the threshold.

Output:

The output of *sigGenesFkt* is the number of significant genes obtained with three different methods (one-sample t-test, moderated t-test with adjusted p-values, moderated t-test with unadjusted p-values)

```

sigGenesFkt <- function(fit2HVConc,numb,fc,pVal){
  fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes <- list()
  for(i in 1:numb){
    nafilter <- apply(as.matrix(fit2HVConc$coefficients[,i]),1,function(x) is.na(x))
    num <- length(fit2HVConc$coefficients[!nafilter,i])
    print(num)
    # BH adjusted
    fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]] <- list()
    fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]]$topTableBH <-
    topTable(fit2HVConc[!nafilter,],coef=i,number=num,genelist=fit2HVConc$genes[!nafilter,],
    adjust.method="BH",sort.by="P")

    fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]]$pValBHAdj <- fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]]$
    topTableBH[fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]]$topTableBH$P.Value <= pVal,]

    fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]]$pValBHAdjUp <-
    fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]]$pValBHAdj[fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]]$pValBHAdj$M

    fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]]$pValBHAdjDown <-
    fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]]$pValBHAdj[fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]]$pValBHAdj$M
    print(dim(fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]]$pValBHAdjUp))
    print(dim(fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]]$pValBHAdjDown))

    # not adjusted
    fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]]$topTableNotAd <-

    topTable(fit2HVConc[!nafilter,],coef=i,number=num,
    genelist=fit2HVConc$genes[!nafilter,],adjust.method="none",sort.by="P")

    fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]]$pValNotAd <-
    fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]]$
    topTableNotAd[fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]]$topTableNotAd$P.Value <= pVal,]

    fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]]$pValNotAdUp <-
    fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]]$pValNotAd[fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]]$pValNotAd$M

```

```

fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]]$pValNotAdDown <-
fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]]$pValNotAd[fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]]$pValNotAd$M
print(dim( fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]]$pValNotAdUp))
print(dim( fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]]$pValNotAdDown))
#FC
fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]]$topTableFC <-
topTable(fit2HVConc[!nafilter,],coef=i,number=num,genelist=fit2HVConc$genes[!nafilter,],
adjust.method="none",sort.by="M")

fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]]$FC2Up <-
fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]]$
topTableFC[fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]]$topTableFC$M > fc,]

print(dim( fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]]$FC2Up))

fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]]$FC2Down <-
fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]]$
topTableFC[fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]]$topTableFC$M < -fc,]
print(dim( fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes[[i]]$FC2Down))
rm(nafilter,num)
}
return(fit2HVConcMethodsSigGenes)
}

```

3.3 averageProbIdentifierZScoreListFkt

Input:

The input variable *identifiername* is the identifier (e.g. "EntrezGeneID") in character-format (""). *valueTableList* is a list of table with different values and information on probes.

Output:

The output is a matrix with one row per gene and the columns: "Identifier","target","madTarget","medianTarget", "minTarget", "maxTarget", "zScoreMedian", "numberProbes"

```

averageProbIdentifierZScoreFktA <- function(valueTable,identifierName){

  # simplify input data by set attribut in function:
  targetName <- "logFC"

  # set up output frame
  outputData <- as.data.frame(matrix(0,dim(valueTable)[1],14))
  colnames(outputData) <- c(identifierName,
    paste("mad",targetName,sep="_"),
    paste("median",targetName,sep="_"),
    paste("min",targetName,sep="_"),
    paste("max",targetName,sep="_"),
    paste("zScoreMean",targetName,sep="_"),
    "numberProbes","minRankPercent","minPValue","maxPValue",
    "fisherStatistic","qValueMean","minQValue","maxQValue")

  # do each identifier merge only one time and therefore set up

```

```

# a memoryvector
memoryvector <- c(1:nrow(valueTable))*0

# i = probes
for(i in 1:nrow(valueTable)){
# for(i in 1:5){

# only if not used before
if(memoryvector[i]==0){
if(!is.na(valueTable[i,identifierName])){
  identifier <- as.character(valueTable[i,identifierName])
  # table with multiple values to one identifier
  findProbes <- na.omit(valueTable[valueTable[,identifierName]==identifier,])
  print(findProbes)

# ask if rows in findProbes in more than one
  if(nrow(findProbes)>1){

    # calculate statistical values for the target
    madTarget <- mad(as.numeric(findProbes[,targetName]),na.rm=TRUE)
    medianTarget <- median(as.numeric(findProbes[,targetName]),na.rm=TRUE)
    minTarget <- min(as.numeric(findProbes[,targetName]),na.rm=TRUE)
    maxTarget <- max(as.numeric(findProbes[,targetName]),na.rm=TRUE)
    # mean and sd for z score
    meanTarget <- mean(as.numeric(findProbes[,targetName]),na.rm=TRUE)
    sdTarget <- sd(as.numeric(findProbes[,targetName]),na.rm=TRUE)
    number <- nrow(findProbes)

    # additional info about intra experimental rank
    minIntraAverageRankPercent <- min(as.numeric(findProbes[, "rankPercent"]),na.rm=TRUE)
    # info about pvalue range
    minPValue <- min(as.numeric(findProbes[, "P.Value"]),na.rm=TRUE)
    maxPValue <- max(as.numeric(findProbes[, "P.Value"]),na.rm=TRUE)

    # calculate q value for each p value
    # calculate z score for each fold change expression
    zScore <- 1:number*0
    qValue <- 1:number*0
    for(j in 1:number){
      zScore[j] <- ((as.numeric(findProbes[j,targetName])-meanTarget)/sdTarget)
      #print(zScore[j])
      qValue[j] <-
        ((as.numeric(findProbes[j,"P.Value"])*nrow(valueTable))/
         as.numeric(findProbes[j,"rank"]))
      #print(qValue[j])
    }
    # summarize q values
    qValueMean <- mean(qValue,na.rm=TRUE)
    #print(qValueMean)
    minQValue <- min(as.numeric(qValue),na.rm=TRUE)
    maxQValue <- max(as.numeric(qValue),na.rm=TRUE)
  }
}
}

```

```

# summarize z score
zScoreMean <- mean(as.numeric(zScore),na.rm=TRUE)
#print(zScoreMean)
# calculate fisher's combination test (p value can be read up in
# chisq table with df = number p values)
fisherStatistic <- -2*(sum(log(findProbes[, "P.Value"])))
# log(x, base = exp(1))

# save info in file
outputData[i,] <- c(identifier, madTarget,
                    medianTarget, minTarget,
                    maxTarget, zScoreMean, number,
                    minIntraAverageRankPercent, minPValue, maxPValue,
                    fisherStatistic, qValueMean, minQValue, maxQValue)
print(outputData[i,])

# set memoryvector
for(k in 1:nrow(findProbes)){
  memoryvector[findProbes[k, "rank"]] <- 1
}

} else {
# if only one row than only one qvalue
# qvalue
qValueMean <-
  ((as.numeric(findProbes["P.Value"]))*nrow(valueTable))/(as.numeric(findProbes["ra
minQValue <- as.numeric(qValueMean)
maxQValue <- as.numeric(qValueMean)

# save info in file
outputData[i,] <- c(identifier, 0, valueTable[i, targetName],
                    valueTable[i, targetName], valueTable[i, targetName], 0, 1,
                    valueTable[i, "rankPercent"], valueTable[i, "P.Value"],
                    valueTable[i, "P.Value"], 0, qValueMean, minQValue, maxQValue)
print(outputData[i,])
memoryvector[i] <- 1
}
}
memoryvector[i] <- 1
} # memoryvector
}

outputData <- outputData[outputData[, 1] != 0,]
print(c("function: averageProbIdentifierFktA ok!"))
return(outputData)
}

```


3.4 metaAnalysisFkt

Input:

valuesAverage : list where each entry is one dataset in matrix format
 (output function averageProbFkt ())
 limit : threshold to prefilter the genes
 targetName : if method : rank , BT,BTwPC: logFC ,
 if method : Rhodes : qValueMean
 identifierName: i. e. EntrezGeneID or other identifier
 expName : vector with experiment names, length is number experiments
 numbRep : weighting (i. e. IQR or number replicates)
 direction : 0=no direction
 1=only down-regulated genes
 2=only up-reglated genes

Output:

The output are matrices with information to overlapping genes across all datasets (step3 in meta analysis).

```
metaAnalysisFkt <- function(valuesAverage,limit,targetName,identifierName,
expName,numbRep,direction){
```

```
  fcRank <- list()
```

```
  #-----
```

```
  # set up colnames for output table
```

```
  colnamesExp <- c(as.character(identifierName),
paste(expName[1],"mad_logFC",sep="_"),
paste(expName[1],"median_logFC",sep="_"),
paste(expName[1],"zScoreMean_logFC",sep="_"),
paste(expName[1],"numberProbes",sep="_"),
paste(expName[1],"RankIndExp",sep="_"),
paste(expName[1],"fisherStatistic",sep="_"),
# paste(expName[1],"qValueMedian",sep="_"),
paste(expName[1],"qValueMean",sep="_"),
paste(expName[1],"minQValue",sep="_"),
paste(expName[1],"maxQValue",sep="_"),
paste(expName[1],"minPValue",sep="_"),
paste(expName[1],"maxPValue",sep="_"),
paste(expName[1],"numberReplicates",sep="_"))
```

```
  # set up colnamesvector to later find only repressed
```

```
  listCoeff <- c(paste(expName[1],"median_logFC",sep="_"))
```

```
  # set up colname sfor q value calculation
```

```
  qValMean <- c(paste(expName[1],"qValueMean",sep="_"))
```

```
  ##set up colnames for numberProbes
```

```
  #nuProColnames <- c(paste(expName[1],"numberProbes",sep="_"))
```

```
  for(k in 2:nrow(summary(valuesAverage))){
```

```

colnamesExp <- c(colnamesExp,
paste(expName[k], "mad_logFC", sep="_"),
paste(expName[k], "median_logFC", sep="_"),
paste(expName[k], "zScoreMean_logFC", sep="_"),
paste(expName[k], "numberProbes", sep="_"),
paste(expName[k], "RankIndExp", sep="_"),
paste(expName[k], "fisherStatistic", sep="_"),
#paste(expName[k], "qValueMedian", sep="_"),
paste(expName[k], "qValueMean", sep="_"),
paste(expName[k], "minQValue", sep="_"),
paste(expName[k], "maxQValue", sep="_"),
paste(expName[k], "minPValue", sep="_"),
paste(expName[k], "maxPValue", sep="_"),
paste(expName[k], "numberReplicates", sep="_"))

listCoeff <- c(listCoeff, paste(expName[k], "median_logFC", sep="_"))

qValMean <- c(qValMean, paste(expName[k], "qValueMean", sep="_"))
}
#-----
if(direction==0){

if(targetName=="logFC"){
# add a rank number to each gene in each experiment
fcRank$fcData <- rankDecreasingFktN(valuesAverage, targetName, identifierName)
# define signatures by rank cut at limit
fcRank$CutValue <- selectGenesRankN(fcRank$fcData, limit)
}
if(targetName=="qValueMean"){
# define signatures by q value cut at limit
fcRank$CutValue <- selectGenesTargetN(valuesAverage, identifierName, limit)
}
} else {
# if direction ==1 for "yes consider sign"
# if method fold change
if(targetName=="logFC"){
fcRank$fcData <- rankDecreasingFktN(valuesAverage, targetName, identifierName)
fcRank$CutValue <- selectGenesSignRankN(fcRank$fcData, limit, direction)
}
# if method q value
if(targetName=="qValueMean"){
fcRank$CutValue <- selectGenesSignTargetN(valuesAverage, identifierName, limit, direction)
}
}

# how many genes in each signature?
fcRank$CutNumberGenesInSignatures <- numberGenesInEachSignature(fcRank$CutValue)

# count in how many experiments each gene appears
fcRank$CutCountGenes <- countGenesFkt(fcRank$CutValue, identifierName)
#test <- fcRank$CutCountGenes[order(fcRank$CutCountGenes[,2], decreasing=TRUE),]

```

```

# number of genes which appear in each possible Signature number
fcRank$CutNumberGenes <- askNumSign(fcRank$CutCountGenes)
# Symbols of genes in overlap
fcRank$CutGenesInSign <- askGenesSign(fcRank$CutCountGenes)

# generate lists
fcRank$overlapFC <- generateMetaList(fcRank$CutGenesInSign,fcRank$CutNumberGenes,
                                     fcRank$CutValue,identifierName,targetName,colnamesExp,listCoeff,
                                     qValMean,numbRep)

if(identifierName=="EntrezGeneID"){
  #query HUGO library for Symbol
  #source("queryLibrary.R")
  fcRank$HUGOInfo <- list()
  for(i in 1:nrow(summary(fcRank$overlapFC))){
    print(i)

    fcRank$HUGOInfo[[i]] <-
      getInfoFromEGID(as.character(fcRank$overlapFC[[i]][,"EntrezGeneID"]))
    #print(dim(fcRank$HUGOInfo[[i]]))
  }

  for(j in 1:nrow(summary(fcRank$overlapFC))){
    # case: more than one identifier
    if(!is.null(dim(fcRank$overlapFC[[j]]))){
      HUGOSymbol <- as.character(fcRank$HUGOInfo[[j]][,"HUGOSymbol"])
      fcRank$overlapFC[[j]] <- data.frame(HUGOSymbol,fcRank$overlapFC[[j]])
      #print(fcRank$overlapFC[[j]][1:2,1:5])
      rm(HUGOSymbol)
    } else {
      HUGOSymbol <- as.character(fcRank$HUGOInfo[[j]]["HUGOSymbol"])
      fcRank$overlapFC[[j]] <- data.frame( HUGOSymbol,fcRank$overlapFC[[j]])
      fcRank$overlapFC[[j]] <- as.matrix( fcRank$overlapFC[[j]])
      #print(fcRank$overlapFC[[j]][1,1:5])
      rm(HUGOSymbol)
    }
  }
}

rm(colnamesExp,qValMean,listCoeff,targetName,identifierName)

print(c("function: metaAnalysisFkt ok!"))
return(fcRank)
}

```